Core Curriculum Course Submission

Criteria: Communication-Written

1. General Information a. Originating Person b. Contact Person's E-mail c. Contact Phone d. Date Sherry Robertson sjrobertson@ualr.edu (501)569-3477 4/15/14 e. College/School f. Department/Program College of Social Sciences & Communications Rhetoric & Writing

Submission Statement

By submitting this form, we acknowledge our understanding that the Core Council has the authority to review approved courses to ensure they continue to meet the established goals and outcomes of that category of the core; that the Council has authority to develop a core assessment program; and that the Council will be developing review and assessment policies by the end of 2014. Further, we agree that if this course is approved, we will participate in the university-wide assessment of the core.

Chair and Dean Awareness

Your department chairperson and college dean must be made aware of your submission for core. By submitting this form, you are acknowledging that this has occurred.

2. Course Information a. Course ID b. Current Title **RHET 1311** Composition I

c. Catalog Description

Prerequisite: A minimum ACT English score of 19, a minimum SAT I verbal score of 450, RHET 0310, or RHET 0321. Practice in writing, with an emphasis on personal, expressive writing, as well as transactional writing. Students will focus on organizing and revising ideas and writing well organized, thoroughly developed papers that achieve the writer's purpose, meet the readers' needs, and develop the writer's voice. Final course grades are A, B, C, or NC. Students must complete this course with a grade of C or greater to take RHET 1312. Three credit hours. (ACTS Course Number ENGL 1013)

d. How will your department ensure a level of consistency among sections of this course? Who will be responsible for this?

Teachers are provided the programmatic learning outcomes for composition to not only design course content, but also to use throughout the semester for grading criteria and for the capstone project in composition, the course portfolio. Teachers are provided assessment tools, including videos for the students' understanding of the learning outcomes and a programmatic scoring guide, for programmatic portfolio assessment. Student portfolios are randomly sampled and evaluated by graders using the programmatic scoring guide. While the first reader and grader is the classroom teacher, the second reader/grader is from the composition assessment committee. For inter-rater reliability, a third grader is requested from the composition assessment committee if need warrants. In addition to programmatic assessment to ensure consistency of curriculum, we provide teachers with a syllabus guide/checklist to be used in the development of syllabi. New teachers have access to all current syllabi through a Blackboard community site. Prior to the start of the semester syllabi are reviewed by the Director of Composition's office. Throughout the semester, faculty members are observed and follow-up meetings to discuss observations and student evaluations. Graduate student teachers and contingent faculty are all provided mentorship and professional development.

Educational Goals	Learning Outcomes students will	Learning Objectives: At the end of the course students will be able to	Assignments	Explanation
Skills 1 – Communicati on (oral, written, visual, second language; professional	1 communicate clearly and fluently;	Establish clear ideas by offering an ethical, logical, and/or emotionally sound claim for a particular audience, purpose, and situation/context. Understand how genres shape reading and writing. Analyze needs of audience to determine appropriate type of text to meet the needs of the purpose and audience. Apply genre for interpersonal exchange and extended discourse. Ensure genre	genres based on an audience, purpose, and rhetorical situation of the writing assignment. All projects should include multiple drafts. Invention work may include a range of strategies, including but not limited to reader-response, journal entries, and integration of research for supporting a stance. Explore genres and determine reasons for genres. Locate and use range of informal and formal language uses that matches the audience for effective understanding.	premise, must be rooted in understanding of audience, purpose, and situation. (See objective for skill 1.2 for more information.) Students must develop an idea over a series of drafts, which includes drafting, revising, and editing.
self- presentation)	2 determine the needs of different audiences for specific purposes through various situations/contexts to adapt texts in rhetorically appropriate ways, including attention to voice, tone, structure, and level of formality;	Learning Objectives 1.2 "use key rhetorical concepts through analyzing and composing a variety of	exercises/mini-assignments, discussions	Explanation 1.2 Cornerstone to the foundation of rhetoric are the elements of audience, purpose, and rhetorical situation. Students should determine type of texts appropriate to these elements. Language choices follow the audience and purpose of a document. Over the two semester sequence students gain experience in practicing rhetorical decision making for multiple purposes.
	3 use proofreading	Learning Objectives 1.3	Assignments 1.3	Explanation 1.3

skills to control issues of grammar, syntax, punctuation and spelling;	including grammar, punctuation, and	selections and conventions	Conventions are "formal rules and informal guidelines that define genres, and in so doing, shape readers' and writers' perceptions of correctness or appropriateness in a composition" (WPA OS). Students will work over the two semester sequence to improve knowledge of conventions; however, this is an on-going process for writers not only in the composition classroom, but also over time through courses across the disciplines.
4 develop clearly identifiable theses,	9 /	Assignments 1.4	Explanation 1.4
assertions, or clain with supporting evidence;	as a means to discover and		developing a clear and central idea and supporting this idea using rhetorical appeals, specifically logos. Over the two semester sequence, students will gain a better understanding of thesis and claim depending on purpose.

Educational Goals	Learning Outcomes students will	Learning Objectives: At the end of the course students will be able to	Assignments	Explanation
	1. use reading and	Learning Objectives 2.1	Assignments 2.1	Explanation 2.1
	speaking for inquiry, learning, thinking, and communicating;	"Integrate their own ideas with those of others; use writing and reading for inquiry, learning, thinking, and communicating" (WPA OS).		Evidence of students' understanding of content is through the articulation of their understanding of texts and others' ideas. This occurs in a variety of ways (see assignments skill 2.1). Students continue to work on this skill throughout the duration of composition.
Skills 2 – Critical Thinking, quantitative reasoning and solving problems individually and collaborativel y	2. understand and implement methods for finding, evaluating, analyzing, and synthesizing primary and secondary sources;	"Use strategies, such as interpretation, synthesis, response, critique, and design/redesign, to compose texts that integrate the writer's ideas with those from appropriate sources. Locate and evaluate (for credibility, sufficiency, accuracy, timeliness, bias) primary and secondary research materials, including conventional library materials, scholarly and professionally established and maintained databases or archives, and informal electronic networks and internet sources" (WPA OS, 2014).	Assignments 2.2 source-based writing projects; class discussions and activities	"When writers think critically about the materials they use-whether written texts, photographs, data sets, videos, or other materialsthey are separating assertion from evidence, evaluating sources and evidence, recognizing and evaluating underlying assumptions, reading across texts for connections and patterns, identifying and evaluating chains of reasoning, and composing appropriately qualified and developed claims and generalizations. These practices are foundational for advanced academic writing" (WPA OS, Overview of Critical Thinking, Reading, and Writing, 2014).

	Learning Objective 2.3	Assignments 2.3	Explanation 2.3
a social and collaborative process;	Understand "the collaborative and social aspects of writing processes" (WPA OS, 2014).	class discussion, peer review, and production of collaborative texts, documents, and/or presentation of materials and research	Writing does not occur in isolation whether it be scholarly texts/publications, workplace writing or civic engagement. While text may be produced by a single author, it is rare that the author would not consult and include sources and engage in a feedback process. We aim to teach students that writing does not occur in one setting nor does it come without negotiation, planning, and interaction with others.

Educational Goals	Learning Outcomes students will	Learning Objectives: At the end of the course students will be able to	Assignments	Explanation
Skills 3 – Information Technology (locating, retrieving, evaluating, synthesizing)	1. develop current technological literacies for drafting, reviewing, revising, editing, and sharing texts;	Learning Objectives 3.1 "Understand and exploit the differences in the rhetorical strategies and in the affordances available for both print and electronic composing processes and texts. Use electronic environments for drafting, reviewing, revising, editing, and sharing texts. Students learn common formats and/or design features for different kinds of texts" (WPA OS).	introduces concepts and exploration of digital forums. All students develop a digital portfolio for programmatic assessment.	use technology along with developing both technological and

				literacies, the composition program requests student produce documents through multimodal composition, which is the use of all media across various genres, to establish understanding of affordance of and uses for texts. We seek to teach students how to effectively determine the genre and medium based on the audience. This is achieved by using electronic environments for drafting, reviewing, revising, editing, and sharing texts. In this process, we aim to help students understand both digital literacy and information literacy. Development of information literacy and digital literacy are an on-going process that occurs over the semester sequencing in RHET 1311 and 1312.
2. loca	ate, evaluate, L	earning Objectives 3.2	Assignments 3.2	Explanation 3.2
orga rese fror	ganize, and use search materials sm electronic burces; single	Locate and evaluate (for credibility, ufficiency, accuracy, timeliness, pias) scholarly and professionally	Source-based projects, in-class discussion, writing exercises, journal/blog entries, student-led presentations.	Students are introduced to source-based writing with a foundation in information literacy in RHET 1311. RHET 1312 builds on this understanding and expands. Because many sources are housed digitally, students must understand and access sources from online databases, internet sources, and digital texts. Students must understand differentiating valid and reliable sources based on authority, timeliness, and content.

Educational Goals	Learning Outcomes students will	Learning Objectives: At the end of the course students will be able to	Assignments	Explanation
Values 1 -		Learning Objectives 1.1 "Practice applying systematic citation conventions to a range of source material in their [students'] own work" (WPA OS, 2014).	Assignments 1.1 Writing assignments, in-class discussions and activities	Explanation 1.1 Citation practices are critical for the et use and facilitate reading by invoking of These expectations are not universal, hotebooks and discussion-board exchaliterature reviews in Psychology differminutes and executive summaries use Knowledge of Conventions).
Ethical and Personal	2. recognize the value	Learning Objectives 1.2	Assignments 1.2	Explanation 1.2
Responsibility	requires taking responsibility for	"Explore the concepts of intellectual property (such as fair use and copyright) that motivate documentation conventions. Experience the collaborative and social aspects of writing processes. Learn to give and to act on productive feedback to works in progress" (WPA OS, 2014).	Writing assignments, peer review, in-class discussions and activities	Part of a writer's composing process is engaging in the social aspect of developing a text. This occurs through peer review and working with sources.
Educational Goals	Learning Outcomes students will	Learning Objectives: At the end of the course students will be able to	Assignments	Explanation
Values 2 - Civic	written communication in academic, professional, and civic arenas of life;	Learning Objectives 2.1 Engage in "diversif[ied] texts along disciplinary, professional, and civic lines as these writers [and verbal communicators] move into new settings where expected outcomes expand, multiply, and diverge" (WPA OS, 2014).	Assignments 2.1 Develop multimodal projects and in-class writings and engage in discussions that respond to rhetorical situations surrounding academic, community, and workplace.	Explanation 2.1 We develop assignments for practice and opportunities for discussion so that students can understand of why texts are developed beyond academic settings. These occur through various activities (illustrated in value 2.1 assignment).
Responsibility	2. apply writing skills	Learning Objectives 2.2	Assignments 2.2	Explanation 2.2
	for civic engagement understand the relationships between language, knowledge, and power.	"Understand the relationships among language, knowledge, and power" (WPA OS).	in-class activities, assignments, and discussions (e.g. letters to the editor/discussions on rhetorical situation of greeting cards/examination of political speeches and texts for understanding of this relationship)	We aim to empower students with the understanding of how written, verbal, and visual texts appeal and employ the relationship between language, knowledge and power.

Additional Comments:

The national learning outcomes for composition are the Writing Program Administrators Outcomes Statement, located at: http://wpacouncil.org/positions/outcomes.html "These outcomes are supported by a large body of research demonstrating that the process of learning to write in any medium is complex: it is both individual and social and demands both continued practice and informed guidance" (WPA OS, Introduction, 2014). These learning outcomes not only informed the developed of the written competencies of the core curriculum, but also these learning outcomes are directly adopted for the learning outcomes and assessment of composition at UALR. These are disciplinary learning outcomes--not standards.

Approved by Core Curriculum Committee

Date

5/23/2014

Approved by Provost

Date

Date